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Direct from New York:

MISS E. F. WIGGIN,

Expert Corset Fitter,

will explain to you ladies what style Corset will sult your form best. She will remain here all this week, and whether you have any idea of buying or not, this information will be freely given to you. We cordially invite you.



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HAHN'SSHOES LOOK BETTER, WEAR LONGER

Than any others sold in Washington.

The Baby Will Grow

-and be healthy-out in the fresh some, a carriage will be better than medicine for it. We've got the carriage-got HUN-DREDS of them-the newest of the new-spring styles and ro can take your choice of the whole

0n Credit!

or a carpet-you can get THAT on We will make, lay and line the carpet for you free of cost. No change for waste in matching figures. Pay the bill-a little at

GROGAN'S

Nammoth Credit House, 817. 619, 83L 823 7th St. N. W. Between H and I Sts.

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KING'S PALACE. 2 SPECIALS— 87 DO SERGE SUITS 84.98.

Elegant quality Serge Suits, made a latest style—fly front jacket, atin fined, full width skirt. ery nobby and effective. \$4.98 \$2.00 Figured Brilliantine Skirts, i throughout, sik velvet

KING'S PALACE, 812-814 7th st, 715 Market "proc

A Piano for \$5

We are so overcrowded with old square pianos that in order to get rid of them within the next few days we will sell you rour choice of a number of them for only five dollars. Come at once. Other instruments at bargain prices.

John F. Ellis & Co., 937 Penna. Ave.,

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Winter Clothing all this week at just 40e NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE,

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UNDERTAKERS.

J. WILLIAM LEE. UNDERTAKER, 882 Pa. Avc. N.W.

HOW OUR GUESTS WERE FED

One Hundred and Twenty Thousand Dollars for Provisions.

SOME PROBLEMS AT MEALS

Commission Merchants Regard the Inaugural Business as Scarcely Above the Normal-What It Took to Feed One Thousand People at Breakfast and Dinner.

One of the interesting problems of the inauguration was how the immense crowd that was at first expected was to be handied and fed. This problem was settled satisfactority, but very few people know how it was done, and how much it cost. Some of the railroad people estimated that all of the railroads would bring to the city 200,000 visitors, and this looked slarming as the committee on public comfort, in one of its last reports, showed that they had information of places where from twenty to twenty two thousand people could be accommodated with meals at one

rect, it would have required ten hours to give 200,000 people breakfast, with 20,-600 seats available at one time. In other words, if the first 20,000 sat down at 8 a. m., it would be 6 o'clock in the afterfinishing its great collective breakfast

And again, as it would be possible only to seat the first 20,000 at dinner at 6 p m., the last 20,000 would be at dinner at 4 o'clock in the morning, or the whole crowd would begin dinner on one day and finish it on the next.

The fact is, however, that no such contingency arose. There have been several estimates of the crowd. The conservative estimate is 50,000, who came in on trains, But it is not at all unlikely that the people from over the river and from the near suburbs generally swelled the grand total to 75,000. On the day after inauguration it was evident from the people on the streets in the evening that comparatively few of them availed themselves of the mit of their tickets, but got out of town on the first train. In the old days, as in nanguration week meant a whole week. People came in early and stayed as long as they could. The exception this year is acted for by the fact that there is very little loose money in the land.

The railroad people had one opinion and the inaugural authorities had another. The first intimation that the inaugural conettee had that the crowd was not coming was obtained from the civic committee, the applications to which were very few, and quite early in the game some clubs which had engaged quarters canceled their engagements and paid the forfeit.

ade the best estimate at the number conng. In view of applications for rooms ind cots, they registered about 35,000, and here were probably from 15,000 to 20,000 we ocame and made their own arrangements after arrival. The committee was able to andle the crowds at the depots expediusty by reason of its good assignment and the intelligence of its corps of 140 ssengers. That from 50,000 to 60,00 people made up the sum total of those who came from any distance is further proven by the fact that there was no discomfort of the hotels or boarding houses, and that the numbers at each, including oders, were fed at breakfast from 6:30 to 11 a. m., or in about four hours, and was served without inconvenience

to all, from 3 p. m. until 9 p. m. It is easy to estimate the cost of feeding any multitude, when any large given num her of the crowd is fed at one place, as at a hotel. At one hotel figures were given last night for a thousand at one meal. The meals were, of course, not the regular notel menu, but was of first-class subantial fare, the large items of which were

the beef and the ham. At one such meal a thousand people ate 500 nounds of beef and 475 pounds of ham. The beef cost \$60 and the ham \$85, and the incidentals, such as bread, potatoes, coffee and samp biscuits, ran the cost of reakfast for a thousand up to \$200. The loner was a more claborate affair. This idition thirty turkeys, fillets of pheasints, thirty chickens in cold salads, and making the cost of the whole about

From these epicurean statistics, which are very nearly correct, it cost \$450 to give 1,000 people breakfast and dinner, or about \$22,000 a day for 50,000 people. There were only three days of which this is true, the 3d, 4th and 5th instants, so that the outlay for the raw material for

the three days was only \$66,000. One hotel steward was frank enough to how that, while the cost of the beef, ham, chickens, turkeys, etc., for one day was \$510 for a thousand guests, each of them paid \$5 a day, or a total per dlem of \$5,000. He explained, however, that there was not too much profit in this, when additional help, rent, service, etc., were deducted. The usual force of cooks at this notel is ten, but they employed twelve additional cooks and a dozen additional kitchen maids, two additional cierks, and six other gentlemen to "tend bar," as they phrase it. The difference between \$510 day for provisions and \$5,000 a day \$5 per day was a figure raised over the

usual prices. In this accounting it makes no difference whether all of the 50,000 people stayed at hotels or only 20,000 of them at hotels and 30,000 at the various boarding houses, because the price of the provisions was the same, and that there were not more provisions bought is very likely from what the commission merchants had to say yes-terday. A reporter for The Times made the rounds of the commission merchants' square, and they were unanimous that there were no supplies laid in, much in ex-cess of the normal, for inaugural week. One merchant said that, for instance, in the matter of poultry, the stock in cold storage was sufficient, and that neither he no his brethren experienced any rush what-ever. One merchant, however, said that he had sold perhaps 25 per cent more eggs furing the week thanin an ordinary week but he was the exception. On the other hand, a beef merchant said that in 1893 he sold \$50 worth of beef to a single boarding house every morning. This time he sold \$30 worth in three days. His sales, therefore, were \$50 a day in '93, and \$10 a day in '97. Most of the merchants also said that the merchants in the Center Market

who ordered large supplies of vegetables still had a large share of them on hand. One of the commission merchants had a curious explanation to make of the failure of inaugural business. He said: "I be-lieve a large per cent of the people ate sandwiches, at least on inaugural day. I saw ladies myself on the Capital grounds cating sousage sandwichea." This merchant was not in a happy frame of mind over the slack business of the inaugural

week.
There is also a way of getting at what was spent at the dairy lunches. The average daily expense at a dairy lunch by people who have breakfast at 8 and dinner at 51s about 20 cents. Presuming that the higgest estimate of 78,000 did in Washington as Washingtonians do there was

spent about \$15,000 in various kinds of soft drinks and sandwiches, which cost say \$10,000. The three days cost of material, adding in the hotel and hoardinghouse provisions was, therefore, about \$96,000, or in round numbers, \$100,000. It might be a more accurate total if \$20,000 were added for provisions all other days of inangural week executibe \$6,4th. days of inaugural week, except the 3d, 4th,

MCKINLEY'S OLD COMPANY.

Stordy Veterans Who Answered

Roll-Call on Inauguration Day. In the accounts published in all of the newspapers of the McKinley regiment which attended him as an escort of honor from the Capitol to the White House, no mention was made of Company G. This was the company of which Mr. McKinley was in command when he was breveted

to the rank of major.

The survivors of this company who answered the roll call on March 4 were as ollows: M. B. De Shong, Ashk O. F. Crall, Ashland, Ohio; David Mercer Ashland, Ohio: Frank Knoth, Ashland, Ohio J. A. Brown, Oceola, Kan : A. Kirkwood, Lewisburg, Obio; A. G. Bryan, Gallen, Onio, J. O. Kosht, Sullivan, Obio; James Finley, Findlay, Ohio; H. Owen, Polk, Ohio; Slocum, Columbus, Ohio, J. W. Oswald, Toledo, Ohio; D. V. Wherry, Shelby Onlo: Will A. Stoner, Waco, Tex.; Joi Fall, Noble, Ill.; J. D. Templeton, Decatur, Coffin, Terre Haute, Ind.: Eugene Coffin Washington, D. C., J. M. Vantilburg, Lo min, Ohio: H. P. Shutt, Kalamazoo, Mich., and Mitt N. Campbell, Denver, Col. Company G was the scouting company, and marched over 500 miles and fought twenty battles and skirmishes while

VISITORS TO BE EXCLUDED

rest of the regiment was in camp.

Gen. Miles Issues an Order Concerning the Defenses.

Neither Written Nor Printed De scriptions of the Works Are to Be Made Without Authority.

By order of Major General Miles, no per sons except officers of the army and navy and persons in the service of the United States employed in direct connection with the use construction or care of the works of construction, will be allowed to visit any portion of the lake and coast defenses of the United States, without the written authority of the commanding officer in charge.

Neumer written nor pictorial description of these works will be made for publication without the authority of the Secretary of War, nor will any information be given concerning them which is not contained in the printed reports and documents of the War Department.

Commanding generals of departments will see that this order is carried into effect, and that the permission to visit the defenses referred to is only given for proper

Commanding officers, ordnance sergeant and others in charge of fortifications, or any means of take or coast defenses, are required to exercise great care in acting upon applications to visit the works, and will grant such only as may be warranted for good and sufficient nalitary reasons. Commanding generals of departments concerned will give to this matter their continued personal attention, to the end that any dereliction of the duty herein enjoined may be immediately observed and promptly met by discipline.

PRINCESSE GOWNS ARE VERY MODISH

Princesse gowns promise to be fashion ble this spring. They are very becoming to the well-snaped woman, and may be adorned with all the fashionable acces sories-boleros, revers, frills, girdles-that go toward perfecting the up-to-date gown. Great care must be taken in laying the the gown will be spoiled.

The princesse gown, too, lends itself pecultarly to the display of large embroidered designs, which are now so fashionable for

A princesse gown well worth copying is constructed of a novelty goods in colors



Adorned With Black Velvet. black and green. The front is adorne to the waist line. It is made of the dress material, enhanced with rows of narrow black valvet ribbon. To still further ac te the point effect, a broad velvet band starts under each arm, is arranged in two points that extend into the yoke on each side, and then form into a deep point

that reaches far below the waist. The siceves are perfectly plain, with jabots of the dress material, edged with black velvet, falling around the arm seams. the top of the arms black jet buckles hold

the labots. When all is said and done, however, drag d'ete is the best material for a princesse gown, as it is especially fitted to the long, graceful lines of the princesse. A very tasty gown is of this material, in soft green, embroidered with a large design in heavy linen cord. This embroidery is the newest thing of the season, and, unlike most adorn ments of a similar nature, is easily put on But of this we will talk again.

SUZANNE.

Old Lady Seriously Injured. Lieut. Gessford reported to police head parters today that on Monday Mrs. Sallie olly, seventy years of age, residing a University place, Mount Pleasant, was m Pourteenth street cable No. 19, at Pourteenth and U streets north west, and dangerously injured. The aged and is reported to be in a serious oc

How Not to "Catch Cold." Many a delicate man and woman were for hours in the open air Thursday viewing the parade. We have a remedy— Bobini's Camphor Pills—that will immed-lately act so on the system as to prevent any Hability to catching cold. 25c is the price, and its efficacy is guaranteed. WASH. HOMEOPATHIC PHARMACY, 1007 H street northwest.

GARRY HOBART GOT THE JOB | BRAIN-TIRED

He Is the Chief Electrician of the White House.

IS BUT TWELVE YEARS OLD

The Son of the Vice President Gets a Specially Created Office From President McKinley-A Gentus Who Will Make the Bells Ring in Marvelous Fashion.

Garrett A. Hobart, ir., twelve years of age, and son of the Vice President, has been appointed electrician of the White House, an office created for him by Free dent McKinley. From a very tender age this precocious inventor has been blessed with belis in his head, and his acute knowledge of the wires enabled him, without rsements, to have his office made to order and filled by his own nominee. is the inventor of the now famous New Jersey ring, an ingenious device whereby a simple touch of the button at the front door rings every bell in the house cuit. There are no long waits at the doors of the houses in Paterson, N. J., where Garry Hobert was born and learned hi or perhaps on Friday to inaugurate som reforms at the White House, which will be submitted to Mr. McKinley at almost any ne of night or day when the scheme has been perfected.

Young Mr. Hobart has never been to school. He is the product of a governess who, from all the accounts must have taught him the theory of having the bells ring in unison over any given territory by the same operator at the front door. The story of how he put his theory into practice is, however, more interesting.

He has gone into the ejectric annuncia-tor business con amore. He has a partner named Ned Van Riper, and the firm name ness at Paterson, N. J. It is not stated what is the age of Ned Van Riper, nor whether it will be necessary to bring the of the firm here to do the job at the White House.

Mr. Hobart, jr., got the electric bell idea about a year ago, when a fullfiedged electrician rigged up the bells in his father's house. After the job was complete, the story goes in Paternan, young Mr. Hobart ripped them out and put them all back again after his own ideas.

He did it to well that his father almost wished it had been a failure, because every man who came around looking for alship or a postoffice or some other ort of a Federal soft snup raised a rampus in the house just as soon as he laid his finger on the door bell.

To this day there are electric fixtures in things, the cook can light the kitchen fire by pressing a button at the head of her bed: the master of the house may signal the number of the guests he is bringing home to dinner the moment he reaches the front gate, or the incustions burglar may un chain the watchdog by fumbling with the

window fastenings.

Having to installed his father's house so that one could hardly move an elbow with out ringing an alarm or opening a door, the ambitious young electrician and his part-ner turned their attention to their neightors. For a modest emisderation they of-fered to supply them with complete electric bell outfits, and the neighbors jumped at such a chance. Since that time the two hoys have carried on their fad as a regular business.

Garret A. Hobart, ir., or "Junior," as he is called by everybody in the neighborhood of his Paterson home, is not a robust lad, and for that reason was never sent to school. But he takes a robust interest in affairs outside of his tutors and toys, and would sooner contrive something old and meful with his siender fingers than read the most fascinating of romances about Indiana or pirates.

Many months ago he began to delve into Van Riper, his most intimate chum in Patthe youngsters made astonishing progress in their studies. So successful were they, indeed, that the entire household of Ho bart was soon thrown into paroxysms of surprise, not unmixed at times with dis may, for "Junier" wired the house over in the equipment of various devices of his own invention, until the most simple oper ations resulted in the most unexpected derelopments

It was observed by the Hobart family that young Garry was plunged in deep thought on the trip to Washington. He said "Nuffin'," when they asked what was the matter, or if he was sick, and it was noticed that as soon as he laid eye upon Maj. McKinley he brightened percep-

It was on Thursday when he was pre sented, and after the ceremony he sidled up to his father. wonder," he murinired, "whether Mr. McKinley wouldn't hire me to keep the electric bells in the White House in

"I don't know, Garry," said his father aughing, and after patting the boy of the head, he went over to talk to Stephen B. Elkins. As soon as he was out of range Garry watched his chance and slipped over toward the President Pretty soon he spoke to him, and after listening for a moment with a look of incredulity, the President began to smile.

Then Garry retreated with a broad grin and the President moved off laughing Late in the afternoon the President came

up to Mr. Hobart.
"Your boy," he said, "has made forma application to keep the bells in the White House in repair during my administration. And then the two fell to laughin

The police are getting their spring and summer uniforms in readiness, and Capt. Austin is inspecting them by precinct Licut. Kelly last evening posted in No. station an order requiring his men to appear there at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning read; for inspection with their spring and summe uniforms, consisting of a freek and sac

Police to Be Inspected.

and the patrolmen owning them ordered to get new ones. The Red Cross in Cuba. Relative to the reports to the effect that the American National Red Cross was tak ing steps to extend assistance to Cuba, a Times reporter called upon Miss Clara Bar-ton last night, and learned that the Red Cross remains inactive in Cuba, because

coat, summer pants, three white vests, and summer helmet. All garments found

unfit for further wear will be condemne

of lack of funds to carry out the propos undertaking.
MissBartonbas not abandoned the project but until the necessary funds are forthconing, the Red Cross cannot extend its open tions to the island.

An Incorrigible Nine-Year-9ld. Guy Scobel, nite years old, has been ar-rested by Policeman Larrick, on complaint of the lad's mother, Mrs. Ida Scobel, who says she cannot control him. He is charged on the Ninth precinct station blotter with incorrigibility.

NERVE-WEARY Court Gave the Policeman the

Benefit of the Doubt. MEN AND WOMEN

Find Prompt Relief and Wonderful Treatment of

DR. YOUNG

If you have a dizziness of the head and a paintation of the heart difficult breathing, a sense of sufficiality; if yos are tired, irritable, discontented, and experience aftering of impending danger or death; if your memory is failing and you are gloomy and despondent, and you feel an aversion to society, your case is one that needs prompt attention.

Whether you have one, two or a half dozen aliments

\$5.00 A MONTH

Covers full treatment and all medicines Dr. Young treats with unfalling success Catarria, Astuma, Bronchitts, Rheumatism Constipation, Byspepsia, Sexual Weakness Night Losses, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, and all affections of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs. A never-failing cure for Stricture, Varioccele and Hydrocele. No cutting no operation

Corner 12th and F Streets, OFFICE HOURS - Daily, 10 to 5; More day and Thursday evenings, 7 to 8; Sunday, 10 to 12. CONSULTATION IN PERSON OR FREE

Laura Keene's Grandehild Barely Spared a Pauper's Grave.

NO MONEY FOR HER FUNERAL

Sister of the Notorious Rawson Twins-Her Third Child Born Last Friday-For Two Days She Lay Alone Trying to Nurse the Baby-Help Came Too Late.

New York, March 10.-On the register of the sexton of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Joseph at Hackensack, N. J., is inscribed the name of Clara Rawson Jaccard. but there was no additional entry to tell that she, the heiress to \$13,000, which, had she lived two months longer, should lave been hers, was saved from a pauper's burial only by the charity of a priest

Her mother was the favorite daughter of Laura Keese: To this new generation it may be necessary to tell that Laura Keene was as gifted an actress as the American stage has ever produced. It was she who, on that miserable night, April 14, 1865, at Ford's Theater, Washington, ran off the stage and held the head of Abraham Lincolnin her isp until medical aid arrived. It was her own gown of white satin, with its inbroidered passion flowers, which was stained with the blood of the wounded shortly after the passing away of the hua-band, wrote a heartbroken letter of thanksa letter which was found pressed against the bosom of the dead grandlaughter last

Friday night. daughter of Laura Keene, should have been onored; as the sister of the Rawson twin size was doomed to share with them their unenviable notoriety.

This latter was not her fault. In her girkhood she was hoydenish, but when, at the age of thirteen years, she married a Swisa watchmaker, fully forty years her senior, she became a woman. And when she became the mother of a son her womanhood and her motherhood became as sharply de fined as the shadows of a sunset which usher in the calm night. From that day, seven years ago, until death ended her sufbrings, her life was one of simple pattence

and fortitude. annuity of very nearly \$1,200, she died in squalor, her aged husband and her three children sale and wan from suffering. It was twenty-two years ago that this woman's mother married Albert L. Raw on. He had been a lecturer on the arts at Cambridge University, and was the first president of the American Association of Water Color Artists. Laura Keene's daugh-

ter lived long enough to bring into the world the daughter, Clara, and two twin ons, Albert and Alpheus.
When she died her widower remarried. This second wife died in 1882, supposedly from an overdose of morphine. Then Clara, at thirteen, married old David Jacoard, of Hillsdale, N. J., where the Rawsons lived. After that time her father saw little of her, although he was trustee of her estate, of which she was entitled to the income until she attained her majority. She always

clulmed that the never received a cent. The end began on Friday night a week age. She had been coughing incessantly for more than two months, and Dr. Jehl, of Hillsdale, had prescribed a cough mixture On Friday she was taken suddenly ill, and at midnight her third child, a son, was born. There was no money in the house, and for more than thirty-eight hours she lay on a pallet of straw and gunny bags, trying to nurse her baby. Then a neighbor, ned Dr. Theodore who happened in, summor

Townsend, of Woodside. "Starvation," he said. "Both lungs affected, and septicemia almost certain, He came daily thereafter and aided the old father in caring for the puny infant and the two other helpless ones. Clara died last Friday night, and the father and children thought merely that it meant or less mouth to feed.

Then a justice of the peace, William Smith, of Park Ridge, forced his way into the story. He knew, as indeed everyone in that part of New Jersey knew, that a suit was pending to remove Artist Rawson from the trusteeship of the estate of his children and so he forbade the undertaker to en balm the body of the dead girl, but sent a onstable to keep guard of it.

Mondaythe hideous farce was ended. The

proper came and found that the young mother had died from three causes-priva tion, pneumonia and blood poisoning. Then came the question of burial. The aged husband wept. "I haven't a penny in the world," he said. "H'm." said the undertaker, reflectively,

but not without a sigh, "then the town must

bury her."
And they were laying out the poor, wasted flesh for this purpose when there came into the room a priest. He was a small man with a rough voice and kindly blue eyes al-most hidden by spectacles. "What is this?" he inquired, but before

a reply could be vouchsafed he seemed to understand the situation. "She often at-tended our church," he added, softly, "and I will bury her." Not long after he said the burial service of his church over the figure that lay lifeless on the miserable pallet. Then Father Kerrigan turned away with a prayer. Lete that affernoon a hearse, followed by the undertaker, driving a pair of black horses

itched to a sidehar baggy, went over the The husband stayed home to care for the Such was the earthly end of Laura Keene's grandchild. AUSTIN'S CASE DISMISSED

Permanent Cure in the MUCH TESTIMONY PRESENTED

James Williams Sept to Jail for Six Months for Shooting at Estelle Simms at a Parlor Social. Frank Gilliam Held for the Grand Jury for Swindling.

Policeman J. M. Austin, son of Police Captain M. A. Austin, appeared before Judge Miller this morning, charged with commit ting a vicious assault upon William Mason, colored, coachman to ex-Secretary of Agri culture Morton, in the Capitol grounds on Inauguration day. Austin, it was charged, hit the coachman, who was driving his employer's carriage, with his club, leflicting a severe wound.

On taking the stand this morning the fendant testified to the circumstances sur-

ounding the alleged assault. 'Mason," said the officer, "insisted on keeping his horses beyond the regular line of spectators, and when I told him to move back within the line, he refused to do so, saying that he had every right to remain where he was."

"I saw several troops break ranks to clear the pole, and again approached the driver, teiling him to move back to the line. Instead of complying, he lashed the horses with the whip. I went back to the step of the carriage to take him from the the man had his whip reversed and was about to strike me with the butt end. In self-defense, sir, I reached up and my prisoner for the reason that a crowd surged in between us, and Lieut. McCath-ran told me I had better report at the sta-

Mr. James L. Baker, an assistant in the Senate Library, took the stand and testified to having seen the officer and the driver in a controversy of some kind. Witness was standing on the Capitol balcony some thirty-five yards distant from the scene of contention and could not distinguish the words used between the He saw the driver lash the horses wish the whip and a few moments later saw him hold his whip aloft in a threatening manner over the policema also saw the officer raise his club.

Lawyer C. Maurice Smith, counsel for the defense, reviewed the evidence in the ase, and called attention to the serious results of rendering under the circumstant a verlict of guilty as to the assault. "This city," said Mr. Smith, "is a city

of conventions and public demonstrations

If the charge of assault preferred against

siens." Prosecuting Attorney Mullowny contended that the officer exceeded his nutbor-

Officer Austin be sustained, a pre-

ity in striking the driver. The court, in summing up the case, said Mason unless the latter was reststing arsisting arrest and struck at the officer, the latter had a right to use his club in effecting the arrest. No evidence had been idduced to show that the officer was unduly excited, nor had evidence been addisced to prove that Mason struck the officer. The exact facts were-hard to obtain, and the court was inclined to give the officer the benefit of the doubt.

The case was accordingly dismissed.

Grant Bennett, a young colored man, was before Judge Maler this merning, charged with carrying a concealed wespon, to wit, an ugly-looking pistol, last night.

Officer J. A. Foley testified to having apprehended Grant as he was going through court that Grant came up to him at the

"He asks me," said James, "is you Joe, and I says no; what am I Joe for: I ain't no Joe. Go way wid you. Then Bennett goes on down the alley." The defendant stated that another colred boy gave him the revolver, and he

was simply carrying it for the time being with no evil intent. "Joe is a feller that run me in the morn ing, judge; him and three or four other

"And you were after Joe?" asked his 'No, sir; I was just a-bluffin,' sir."

The court suspended sentence in the case A parlor social at the residence of Sc phia Gray, on Seventhstreet, between Land M streets southeast, last Monday night, was the scene of a shooting affray betwee James Williams and Estelle Simms, Jim be hind the revolver and Estelle in front of it. The shot did not take effect. James was sent down by Judge Miller this morning for a period of six months.

Frank Gilliam, colored, was held in \$1,-000 bonds for the grand jury on the charg of having secured goods on twenty-nir different occasions since the 1st of Jan uary last from John H. Magruder's gro cery store, charging the goods to the acvalue of the goods is placed at \$80. Gilliam disclaimed any dishonest motive in the

FIRE DEPARTMENT PRAISED. Complimentary Letter From Chair

man Swords. Chief Parris, of the fire departme was the recipient of the following letter today from H. L. Swords, of the inaugural

"I take this opportunity to express to you my great appreciation of the services rendered by the force under your immediate direction, supervised by Assistant Chief William T. Belt, and Foremen Boss and Nicholson, while at the Pension building two weeks prior to the ball and during the

"The universal courtesy of your men during the trying time was remarked by the forces employed here and participants, and the work required of them was at times onerous and trying. I am sure the chalman of the inaugural committee will communicate with you, thanking the force and ts chief for their patience, their labor and

JURORS TAKE A JAUNT.

Inspected Cars of Capital Traction Company to Determine a Suit. A party of thirteen men riding about the city today in the street cars attracted no ittle attention. Twelve of them were jurors in Judge Cole's court, circuit division No. 1. The thirteenth man was Deputy Marshal Millstead, who was chaperoning

the party.

The jury is to determine the suit of the American Car Company of St. Louis, against the Capital Traction Company. The latter claimed that the former thi not live up to its contract, and suit was brought for deferred payments. About \$18,000 is the sum in Higation. The case has been in progress for days and is now drawing to

DOCTORS BUSY

Making Examinations and Telling People How to Get Well.

ALL WASHINGTON

Rings With Praise of Munyon's Noble Work for

SUFFERING HUMANITY

A Flood of Testimony Pours in Daily From People Who Have Been Cured.

WILKINSON

Wonderful Cure of CATARRH

Throat Trouble, and Bronchitts, After Years of Suffering.

MUNYON'S IMPROVED HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

eparate Cure for Each Disease, Plainly Labeled with Full Instruc-tions for Home Treatment So There Can Be No Mistake. They Relieve Almost Immediately, Cure Promptly, Are Absolutely Harmless, and Should Be in Every Home. Ask Your Druggist for Munyon's Guide to Health, Buy a 25-cent Munyon Remedy, and Cure Yourseif. If You Are in Doubt as to the Nature of

MUNYON'S DOCTORS ARE AT YOUR SERVICE FREE

MR. R. WH.KINBON, A PROMINENT STOREKEEPER, of 1634 Thirty-second afteet borthwest, Washington, D. C. sark "I am fifty-four years of age, and until took treatment at your matitation, I WAS AFFLICTED WITH CATARRH, AND WAS DEAF FOR TEN YEARS, 89 much so that it was impressible for me-oriduct my business as it should be then was treated at one time by a speciali-or three mouths, but received no benef wintever. At another time TWO PROMINENT SPECIALISTS TREATED ME DAILY FOR OVER THREE MONTHS. AND I WAS WORSE THAN WHEN I COMMENCED. I WAS SO DEAF that to tell if a watch or clock was running I running I HAD TO WATCH THE SECOND HAND AND PENDULUM. I placed myself under the care of Municulas Specialists, and have been improving ever since. "I can at present hear conversation in a low tone of voice: CAN HEAR THE CLOCK TICK IN MY ROOM, from a room on the lower Boor, something I could not on the lower floor, something I could not do before in three years. I CAN ALSO HEAR MY WATCH TICK SOME FEET AWAY, which was simply impossible before IN FACT, I CAN NOW HEAR AS WELL AS I EVER DID. Those of the public who desire can call at my store public who desire can call at my store. glassy give them the information they may ask. I TENDER FOU THIS TESTI-MONIAL UNSOLICITED, and do so IN A SPIRIT OF GRATITIDE, after what you and your declors have done for me.

Glick's alley. James Young, a colored youth, took the stand and informed the CATARRH and DEAFNESS

theumatism, Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Liver Complaint, Asthma, Bronchitis, Female Troubles, Houd-aches, Colds, Coughs, and Ali Thront, Lung, and Blood Discuses Quickly

MUNYON'S ELECTRIC MACHINE ares Paralysis, Stiff Joints, New ralgia, Nervous Diseases, and All Musucular Pains.

MUNYON'S IMPROVED

HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

and Permanently Cured.

separate cure for each disease are sold fall druggists. With them every one can scome their own doctor. Thousands of ones have no other taminy physician and Munyon's Remedies. Hundreds of ushington people have been cured. MUNYON'S LIFE CHAMBER

Cures Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitia, and All Throat and Lung Diseases.

623 13th STREET N. W.

Open All Day and Evening. a close. It was decided that the jurors themselves should inspect the cars. There are 120 of them, pretty equally distributed between the Mount Plea Georgetown, Seventh street and Navy Yand stations of the Capital Traction Company The jurors were therefore compelled to cover almost the whole city in thier in-

restigating tour. Messra. Totten and Davidge represent the local corporation, while Mesers Carout-of-town concern "I tirink Mr. Johnson should provide

transportation for the jurors," said Col. Totten. "We are perfectly willing that you haul out one of our cars and carry them around

the city," was the quick response.
"How about their lunchas" interpos Col. Totten. The court directed the deputy marshal to pay the expenses and turn the account into the expense bill of the suit. He also cautioned the jurors against conversation with outsiders on their tour.

Collided With a Letter Box. The horse attached to a buggy driven by T. P. Multy, of Baltimore, ran away about midnight last night and collided with the letter box at the corner of Fifth and N streets northwest. The box was broken into small fragments, scattering the letters into the street. They were picked up by Policeman J. P. Cochran and pot into another letter box at Fifth and M streets. Mr. Multy was not injured, but the vehicle was badly damaged.

Invited Guests Had to Pay.

tion, and the city postoffice aut

letter box were taken to No. 2 police sta-

William Joyce, colored, gave a parier so-cial last night at his home in West Wash-ington. When his invited guests arrived he charged them an admission fire, and Poince-man Paul Kersien promptly planted Joyce under arrest, and made him deposit a \$4 nte fee at No. 3 station